

# APEC CHILE 2019: CONNECTING PEOPLE, BUILDING THE FUTURE

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Vice Minister of Trade of Chile SOM Chair APEC Chile 2019



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#### **CHILE'S TRADE POLICY:** OBJECTIVES

- To achieve international integration, combining export development with the promotion and protection of investments.
- Promote competitiveness, within a context of stable rules, fair competition, and to contribute to reduced social inequalities.
- To engage Chilean production in Global Value Chains, in a more sophisticated manner, not only as a producer of natural resources.
- To increase Chile's export diversification.



#### **CHILE'S TRADE POLICY**

Through the last three decades Chile's economic growth model has been based on export promotion and FDI attraction and has followed four strategies:

UNILATERAL BILATERAL MULTILATERA MEGAREGIONAL **AGREEMENTS** Unilateral tariff International Trade Participation in Pacific Alliance and reduction Agreements International **CP-TPP** Organizations such as: **Export promotion** WTO, OECD, LAIA policies and APEC

Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation

#### **CHILE'S TRADE POLICY: UNILATERAL OPENING**

Since 1990, there has been a marked advance in the signing of agreements with the countries of Latin America, thus complementing the unilateral opening of the external sector.

#### **CUSTOMS TARIFF REDUCTION IN TWO STAGES (MFN):**

- First (1990-1994): Reduction from 15% to 11%;
- Second (1994-2003): Reduction from 11% to current level of 6%.

In 2013, Chile unilaterally removed tariffs on all goods originating in least developed countries (LDCs)

This reduction was based on the analysis and commitments established in the WTO, in 2005.



#### **BENEFITS OF TRADE LIBERALIZATION**

- Increased participation in world exports.
- Increased production and employment.
- Higher share of foreign trade in GDP.
- Higher investments in countries with reciprocal agreements.
- Improving the country's image
- Improving risk indicators, ease of doing business, competitiveness.

- •Increased the supply of services.
- Development of economies of scale.
- Increased supply of international intermediate goods.
- Preferential Market Access.
- Creating dispute resolution mechanisms.
- •Clear rules.









# **FACTS AND FIGURES 2017**





64% of total trade with the world

**59%** 

of Chile's imports come from APEC member economies. 58%

of foreign investment in Chile comes from the APEC region

28%

of Chile's investment outflows are to APEC member economies 69%

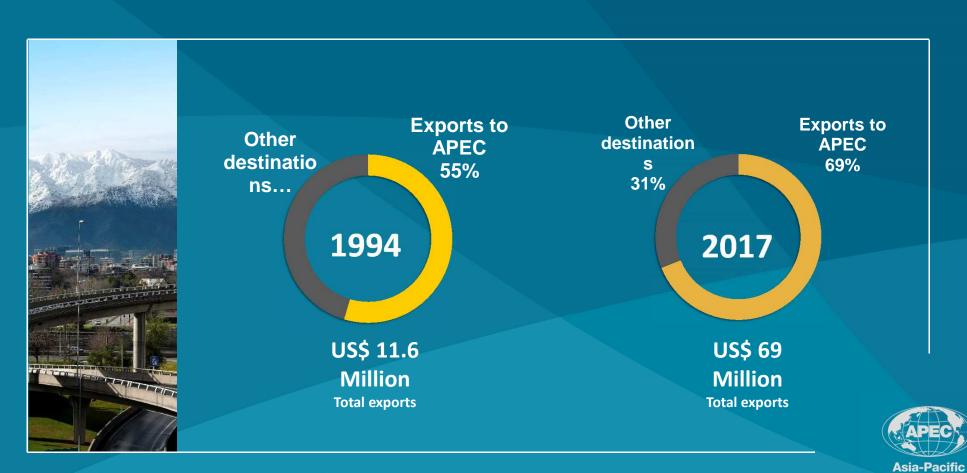
of Chile's exports go to APEC member economies



8% annual growth of exports to APEC member economies since 1994



# TRADE GROWTH BETWEEN CHILE – APEC



## TRADE WITH THE ASIA-PACIFIC IS IMPORTANT FOR CHILE'S REGIONS

Fuente: Información Comercial, Departamento Estudios, DIRECON-ProChile, con cifras del Servicio Nacional de Aduanas.



#### **POLITICAL AND STRATEGIC IMPORTANCE**



- Maintain Chile's policy of positioning itself as an Asia-Pacific economy;
- Connect our regions and citizens with the Asia-Pacific and the benefits of regional trade;
- Generate synergies with other forums and integration initiatives such as Pacific Alliance, WTO, OECD and G20;
- Ensure that Chile can capitalize on APEC initiatives to support the establishment of good regulatory practices, and in creating inclusive and high quality public policy.
- The unique opportunity to highlight Chile's cultural, social and physical riches to our APEC guests.

#### **CHILE HAS 16 FTAS WITH APEC ECONOMIES**



## **IN FORCE**

- Australia
- Canada
- China
- Republic of Korea
- United States

- Hong Kong-China
- Japan
- Malaysia
- Mexico
- Peru

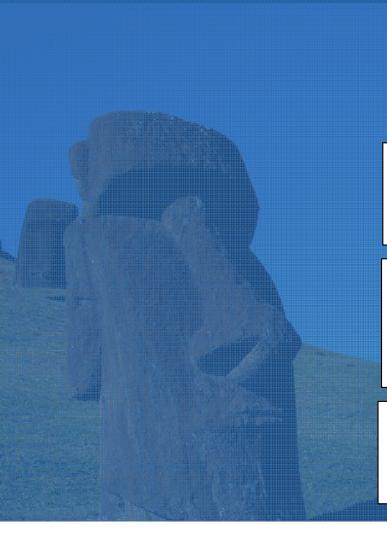
- P4 (New Zealand, Brunei, Singapore)
- Thailand
- Viet Nam

#### **RECENT PROCESSESS**

- Conclusion of the CEPA with Indonesia. Congressional approval is in process
- Conclusion of the CPTPP
- We are upgrading our FTAs with China, Canada & Korea



## **AUTHORITIES** APEC CHILE 2019



#### Leader

H.E. President

Sebastián Piñera

**Minister of Foreign Affairs** 

(APEC Ministerial Meeting)

Hon. Roberto Ampuero

**Vice Minister of Trade** 

**SOM CHAIR** 

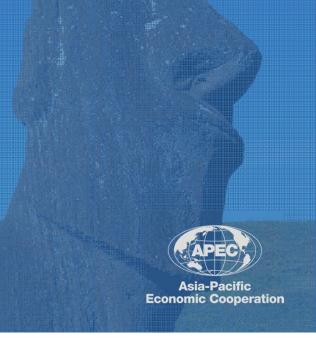
(Ministers Responsible for Trade)

Mr. Rodrigo Yáñez

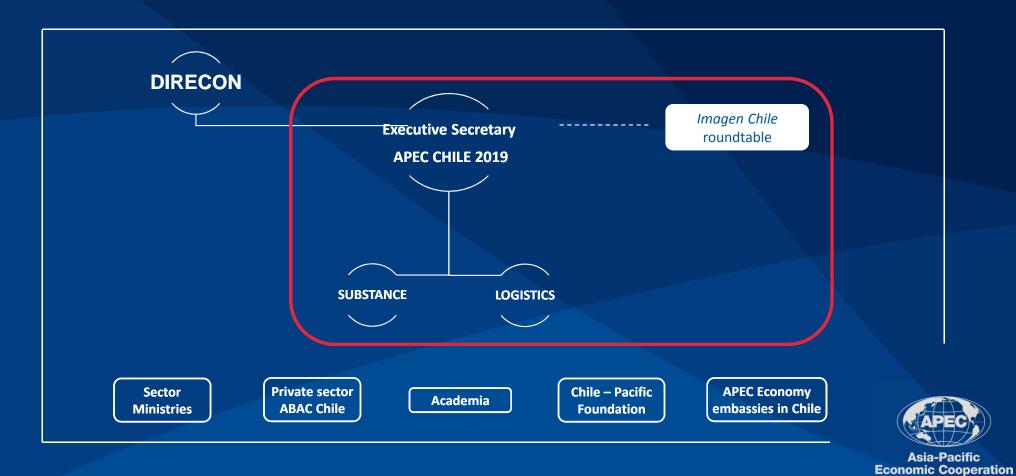
**SOM Chile** 

**Multilateral Director** 

Mr. Mathias Francke



## **APEC CHILE 2019 – OUR TEAM**



# **APEC CHILE CALENDAR**

TYPE OF MEETING	DATE AND CITY
Informal SOM (ISOM)	12 –13 December 2018, Santiago
SOM 1 and related meetings	23 February - 8 March 2019, Santiago
SOM 2, Ministers responsable for trade and related meetings	6 –18 May 2019 MRT 17 y 18 May, Valparaíso
SOM 3 and related meetings	17 – 30 August 2019, Puerto Varas (TBC)
Women Ministerial Meeting	Dates and location TBC
High Level Dialogue: Digital and Innovation	Dates TBC. Concepción
SME Ministerial Meeting	Dates and location TBC
Ministers of Finance and related meetings	13-15 October 2019, Santiago
<u>Leaders' week:</u>	11 −17 November 2019, Santiago
<ul><li>Concluding SOM (CSOM);</li></ul>	• CSOM 11-12 Nov
<ul> <li>APEC Ministerial Meeting (AMM); and,</li> </ul>	• AMM13-14 Nov
APEC Leaders' Summit (AELM)	• AELM 16-17 Nov
CEO SUMMIT	<ul> <li>CEO Summit 14-16 Nov, Santiago</li> <li>ABAC/Leaders dialogue 16 November</li> <li>Leaders official dinner 16 Nov</li> </ul>



# **APEC CHILE 2019 - PRIORITIES**



## APEC CHILE 2019: SUSTAINABLE, INCLUSIVE AND COMPREHENSIVE GROWTH

#### **Regional Economic Integration**

FTAAP: pathways

Trade on Goods and services

Investments

**Intelectual Property** 

Connectivity

Structural Reform

#### **Digital Economy**

E-commerce

E-government

Digital democratization

Digital Infrastructure

Financial inclusion

**PEOPLE** 

#### **Sustainable Development**

Enviroment, Labor, CSR

Energy

Oceans

Natural Disasters

**Smart Cities** 

#### **Inclusive Growth**

Women

**SMEs** 

Youth

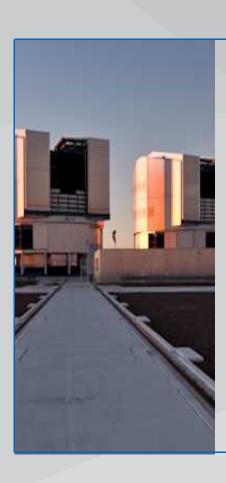
Entrepreneurs

Remote and Indigenous Communities

Education

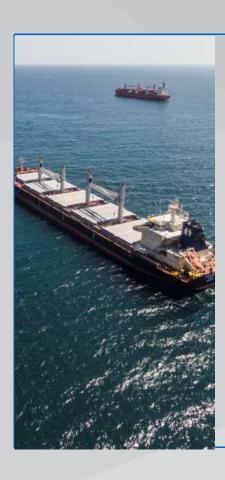


# 1 DIGITAL AND SERVICES ECONOMY



- Build on the work initiated by Viet Nam and other countries within the human resource working group through high-quality, impactful projects.
- For our MSMEs, we plan to hold an innovation summit; enhance Fintech capacity; and promote our smart regional cities to foster new and collaborative growth.
- Work towards the conclusion of the services domestic regulation principles and explore future work.
- Create an APEC regulatory cooperation toolkit for our rapidly changing business environment, as part of implementing our ecommerce facilitating framework.
- Our priority must be to advance methodologies to measure the impact of the digital economy in the region.

# 2 CONNECTIVITY



- Promote the incorporation of SMEs in international trade by conducting a "Customs-Business Dialogue"; and propose a list of New Actions.
- To encourage participation in Global Value Chains, we will carry out a stock take of work underway in APEC, hold a Policy Dialogue and propose an action plan.
- Emphasize the development of common standards for Authorized Economic Operator (AEO) programs; and draw up Manual of Good Practices.
- Encourage the adoption of Mutual Recognition Agreements (MRA) among APEC economies to grow trade between AEOs.
- Conduct a Policy Dialogue to discuss the Interoperability of e-Single Window systems; and develop an APEC manual that contains guiding principles for promoting these systems.
- Explore the possibility of creating an "APEC Logistics Index", using factual data and comprehensive information shared among APEC economies.

Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation

# **3** WOMEN AND ECONOMIC GROWTH



- Propose initiatives that will increase participation of women in Non-Traditional Sectors and advance in digital literacy for women.
- Develop a new APEC roadmap, supported by a Leaders' commitment that will commit us to work towards increasing the labor force participation of Women, reducing the wage gap, and lowering barriers to leadership Positions by 2030.
- Refine APEC's data collection efforts through expanding and elevating the APEC Women and the Economy Dashboard.
- Encourage private sector participation through exploring an APEC Gender Parity Initiative, with the objective of increasing the participation of women in leadership positions.

# **OPPORTUNITIES FOR COLLABORATION**



# RODRIGO YÁÑEZ BENÍTEZ DIRECTOR GENERAL

General Directorate of International Economic Affairs

